Fatigue & Fracture Worked Example 1 – Fatigue

Department of Mechanical, Materials & Manufacturing Engineering MMME2053 – Mechanics of Solids

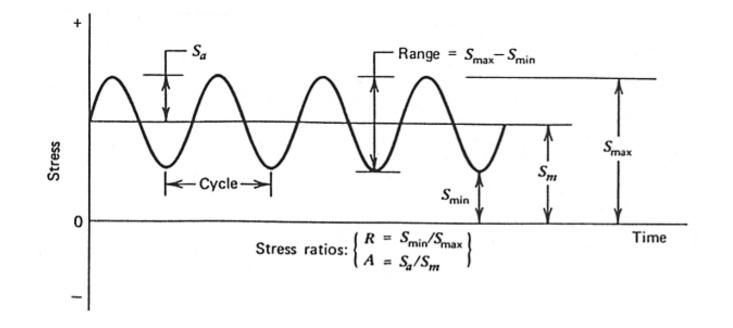


Worked Example 1

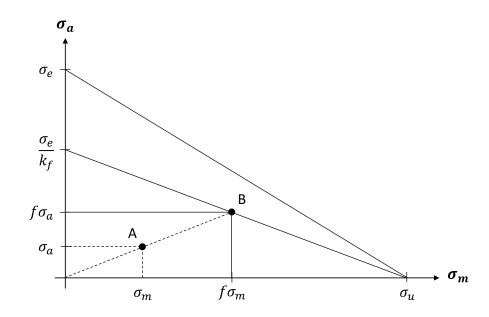
Fatigue of a Component

A component is made from a material with an ultimate tensile strength of 300 MPa. The component will be cyclically loaded such that the mean stress is 65 MPa. Using a modified Goodman line, determine the maximum allowable stress amplitude if a safety factor of 1.1 is required. Assume an endurance limit for the material of 100 MPa and a fatigue notch strength reduction factor of 1.75 for the component.

Solution



 $\sigma_m = 65 \text{ MPa}$ $\sigma_u = 300 \text{ MPa}$ $\sigma_e = 100 \text{ MPa}$ f = 1.1 $k_f = 1.75$ $\sigma_a = ???$ of the median fatigue strength as N becomes very large, e.g. >10⁸ cycles.



From similar triangles:

$$\frac{\sigma_e}{k_f \sigma_u} = \frac{f \sigma_a}{\sigma_u - f \sigma_m}$$

$$\therefore \sigma_a = \frac{\sigma_e(\sigma_u - f\sigma_m)}{fk_f\sigma_u} = \frac{100(300 - 1.1 \times 65)}{1.1 \times 1.75 \times 300} = 39.57 \text{ MPa}$$